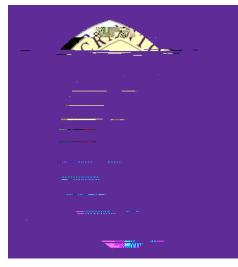
I] Z; ZXihd[8addY <adl HZhig'Xi'dc I] ZgVen 9db WcZY I 1] DZj gdb j hXj aVg; aZXig'XVa Si'b j aVi'dc dc 7Yj a'h



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EkZgk/ZI



Background

Blood Flow Restriction Therapy
Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation

Purpose

Methods

Results

Conclusions

Clinical Relevance

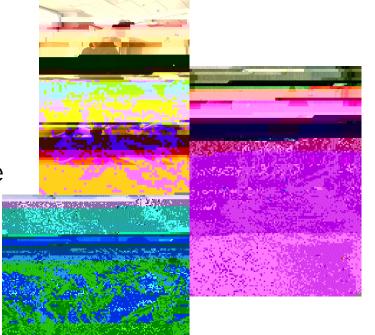
8addY <adl HZhig'Xi'dc (8<H) I] ZgVen

Definition

The application of external pressure via tourniquets in order to occlude venous outflow while maintaining arterial inflow¹

Goal: achieving greater strength gains while lifting lighter loads¹

E ective and safe approach to stimulate muscle hypertrophy & strength gains in various clinical populations¹⁻⁵



DZj gdb j hXj aVg; aZXig^XVaSi^b j aVi^dc

Definition

Electrical currents applied through the skin to evoke muscle contractions²

E ective in development of hypertrophy during prolonged periods of immobilization, through promotion of muscle protein synthesis⁵

Published studies have investigated synergistic e ects of BFR and NMES on muscle strength and hypertrophy

No consensus on outcomes of both interventions used concurrently²⁻⁵

CZi]dYh





SZVgX]; c\~cZh

ProQuest Central

PubMed

CINAHL

ScienceDirect

SZVgX] Bか 作

Humans

Peer-reviewed

English

Years 2009-2019





Male or Female

Adults 18+

Intervention

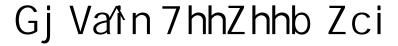
Must include BFR+NMES with or without co-intervention

Outcomes

Must include muscle thickness and isometric strength

Study design

Any design





ARTICLE	MINOR SCALE SCORE*
Gorgey ³	20/24
Slyz ⁵	20/24
Natsume ²	19/24
Andrade ⁴	16/24

^{*}Ideal score is 16 for non-comparative studies and 24 for comparative studies

HZhj ah



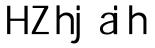




Four studies were included

MINOR Scale scores ranged from 16-20 (avg: 18.75)

Samples varied from 7 to 20 subjects²⁻⁵ (n=44) who were either untrained, recreationally active, or individuals with incomplete SCI





BFR+NMES protocol was performed 2-5 times a week (10-32 minutes/session) for 2 or 6 weeks²⁻⁵

One study used upper extremity³ and three used the lower extremity^{2,4,5}

BFR inflation levels varied from 100 mmHg, 30% greater than resting systolic pressure, or 220 mmHg²⁻⁵

NVES frequency ranged from 20-100 Hz and pulse from 400-450 ms²⁻⁵

EjiXdb Zh

Study	Outcome Measures
Gorgey ³	 Cross sectional areas of ECRL and EDC via ultrasound Wrist extensor strength via Biodex Isokinetic Dynamometer Hand grip Grasp-release test
Slyz ⁵	 Mean di erences in quadriceps muscle mass via DEXA scan Isometric quadriceps strength measured via custom-designed leg strain measurement device with high-sensitivity strength gauge
Natsume ²	 Quad muscle thickness via ultrasound and thigh circumference using tape measure Isometric and isokinetic strength via Biodex system dynamometer
Andrade ⁴	 Unilateral isometric strength assessment via heel raise machine 3 trials of 5 second maximal voluntarossea heel oss sec achine

AZn < \cup Y \cup \h



No adverse e ects were reported in any of the four studies²⁻⁵

One study noted a *statistically significant increase* in muscle strength, but *not* muscle mass⁵

Two studies found *statistically significant increases* in the primary outcomes of muscle thickness $[(P<0.0014)^2; (P=0.003)^3]$ and isometric strength $[(P<0.054)^2; (P=0.048)^3]$

One study found *no statistical di erence* with use of BFR + NMES⁴

9dcXg h'dch & 9a'c 'XVaHZaZkVcXZ



9dcXaj h'dch

There was Iow to moderate evidence that BFR+NMES increases muscle hypertrophy and strength

Limitations

Small sample size

Varying parameters regarding BFR and NMES protocols, populations, and muscle groups

Inconsistent primary outcome measures

Future Research





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Gj Zhi dch5