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Intro u tion



Concussion Overview

Impact to the head or body

Diffuse axonal injury caused by acceleration/deceleration of gray and white matter

Shearing effect of axons creating a mechanical stretch of cell echa/MCIecha/MC



Intro u tion



Symptoms '

Headache

Nausea/Vomiting

Balance and/or gait disturbance

Dizziness

Tinnitus

Photophobia

Difficulties focusing

Slowed speech

Lightheadedness

Extreme fatigue

Memory/cognitive dysfunction

Signs,

Retrograde amnesia

Anterograde amnesia

Disorientation

Confusion

Gait imbalance

Memory deficits



Intro u tion



Post-Concussion Subtypes '

Physiologic

Cerebral blood flow

Cellular metabolism

Ion transport regulation

Vestibulo-ocular

Disruption of vestibulo-ocular reflex

Disruption of vestibulo-spinal reflex

Visual dysfunction

Cervicogenic

Dysfunction of the cervical spine somatosensory system

Disruption of proprioception

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Buffalo Concussion Treadmill Test (BCTT)/Modified Balke Protocol,

Equipment: Treadmill or cycle ergometer

Objective measures: heart rate (HR), post-concussion symptom scale (PCSS), rate of perceived exertion (RPE)

Start at 0% incline and 3.2-3.6 mph increasing 1% incline each minute

Test is terminated after total exhaustion or symptom exacerbation of 3 or greater

Each minute objective measures were assessed

Inter rater reliability (95%), Retest reliability (79%)⁵

Sensitivity (99%) and Specificity (89%)⁵

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McMaster All-out Progressive Continuous Cycling Test

Equipment: cycle ergometer

Objective measures: HR, PCSS, and RPE

Begin at 25-85W pedaling at 60 rpm with progressive increase in work rate every 2 minutes

Test terminated if pedaling rate dropped below 50 rpm for 3 s, exhaustion, increase in concussion like symptoms

Objective measures were assessed every 2 minutes

Purpos



The purpose of this study was to determine how graded exercise testing (GET) is being utilized in the clinical management of individuals following a concussion.

M t o s



Databases

PubMED

CINHAL

Google Scholar

ProQuest Central

M t o s



Search Terms

("Concussion" OR "mTBI" OR "mild traumatic brain injury)

AND

("Buffalo" OR "Balke" OR "graded exercise testing")

M t o s



Search Limits

English language

Human subjects

Peer-reviewed

Mtos



Selection Criteria

- Original research
- Individuals with concussion or post concussion syndrome
- Graded exercise testing
- PT clinical management

PRISMA



Records Identified through database searching (n = 4,320) Additional records identified through other sources (n = 5)

Records after duplicates removed (n = 4,252)

Records screened (n = 1045) eened title and abstract for cond

Screened title and abstract for concussion, clinical management, and exercise testing

Records excluded (n = 978)
Excluded articles without keywords in title or abstract

Full-text articles excluded with reasons (n = 54)

Systematic Review - 25

Studies included in qualitative synthesis (n = 13)

Sackett Levels



Article Citation	Study Design	Sackett Score
Cordingly et al. ³	Retrospective chart review	4
Leddy JJ et al. ⁴	Prospective randomized controlled trial	1b
Dematteo et al. ⁶	Cross-sectional study	2b
Darling SR et al. ⁷	Retrospective chart review	4
Kozlowski et al. ⁸	Cross-sectional study	2b
Leddy et al.9	Prospective case series	4
Baily NF ¹⁰	Case Report	4
Moore BM et al. ¹¹	Prospective Longitudinal Design	2c
Manikas et al. ¹²	Pre-Post Prospective Design	4
Chrisman et al. ¹³	Retrospective Cohort Study	4
Grabowski et al. ¹⁴	Retrospective Cohort study	4
Gunter et al. ¹⁵	Case Report	4
Anderson V et al. ¹⁶	Case-Controlled Study	3b

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Clinical Management

Diagnosis

Determine subtype involvement

Prognosis

Length of recovery correlated with heart rate upon symptom exacerbation

Return to Play (RTP)

Decision making and timeline

Treatment Plan

Subsymptom threshold and subtype management

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Buffalo Concussion Treadmill Test/Modified Balke Protocol was utilized in 10 articles^{3,4,7-10,11,13-15}

- 5 used the BCTT as a diagnostic tool^{3,8,10,14,15}
- 2 as a prognostic tool^{3,4}
- 7 for treatment planning^{3,9,10,11,13,14,15}
- 2 for RTP decision making^{3,7}

McMaster All-out Progressive Continuous Cycling Test was used in 3 articles^{6,12,16}

All 3 articles the MAPCCT was used for RTP and prognosis

Modified cycle ergometer protocol used for diagnosis and treatment planning¹¹



Article Citation	Graded Exercise Test	Diagnosis	Prognosis	RTP	Treatment
Cordingly et al. ³	BCTT/Modified Balke Protocol	X	X	X	X

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All 13 articles assessed HR and used a symptom exacerbation scale as objective measures^{3,4,6-16}

4 used blood pressure^{3,8,9,11} and 7 used RPE to monitor patients throughout testing^{3,6,8,9,11,13,16}

Safety in clinical management was assessed in 6 out of 13 articles 3,4,7,9,13,14

Dis ussion



Articles reviewed suggest that graded exercise testing is utilized for multifactorial clinical management of concussion

Graded exercise testing may be safely implemented in the acute and chronic stages of concussion management

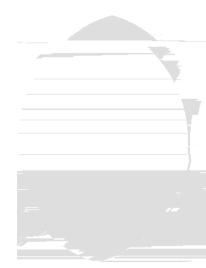


Futur s r



Further research is needed to assess how graded exercise testing can be utilized as a standardized approach

Future studies for standardization should include



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Graded exercise testing can be utilized to

Diagnose concussion subtypes

Determine treatment at subsymptom threshold

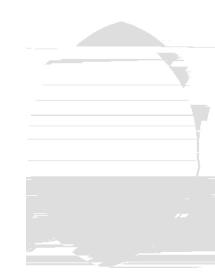
Predict recovery time

Guide return to play decision making

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1. Barkhoudarian G, Hovda DA, Giza CC. The molecular pathophysiology of concussive brain injury. Clin Sports Med. 2011;30:33



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9. Leddy JJ, Kozlowski K, Donnelly JP, et al. A preliminary study or subsymptom threshold exercise training for refractory post-concussion syndrome. *Clin J Sport Med.* 2010;20(1):21-27. doi: 10.1097/JSM.0b013e3181c6c22c



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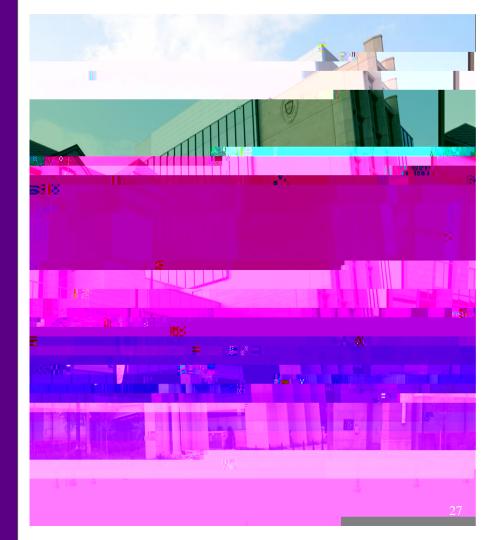
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